

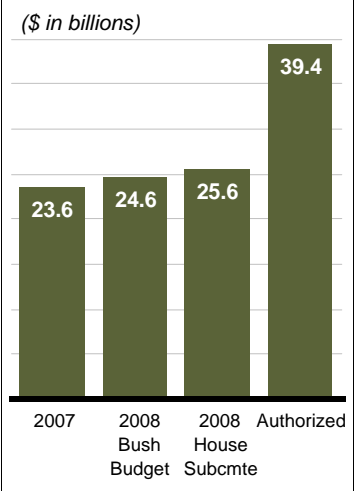
Missouri

Education Appropriations, House Subcommittee Mark

- Funds the U.S. Department of Education at \$61.7 billion, \$4.2 billion or 7.4 percent more than 2007.
- Restores funding for programs eliminated in the 2008 Bush budget request, including educational technology and innovative education state grants, school counseling, and supplemental educational opportunity grants.
- About half of the increase for education is directed toward NCLB Act programs, primarily ESEA Title I and school improvement grants. The other half is to support a maximum Pell Grant award of \$4,700, an increase of \$390.

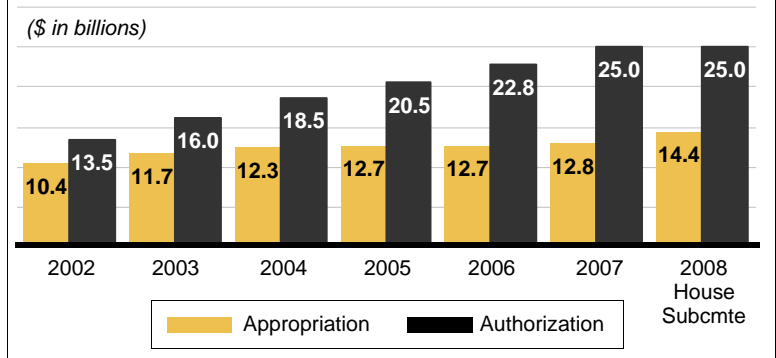
Appropriations for No Child Left Behind (NCLB) under the House Subcommittee Mark

- Increases funding for NCLB Act programs by almost \$2 billion, or 8.4 percent, for a total of \$25.6 billion. Funding for NCLB under the House subcommittee mark is almost \$1 billion more than the 2008 Bush budget request.
- Makes progress toward closing the funding gap -- what is promised in the law (based on the 2007 authorization, the last year authorized under NCLB) compared to what is actually appropriated. The funding gap shrinks to \$13.8 billion under the House subcommittee mark from \$15.8 billion in 2007.
- Boosts funding for Improving Teacher Quality State Grants by \$300 million (+10.4 percent), which was cut in the 2008 Bush budget. Also, provides increases of \$125 million (+12.7 percent) for 21st Century Community Learning Centers; and \$106 million (+15.8 percent) for English Language Acquisition State Grants.



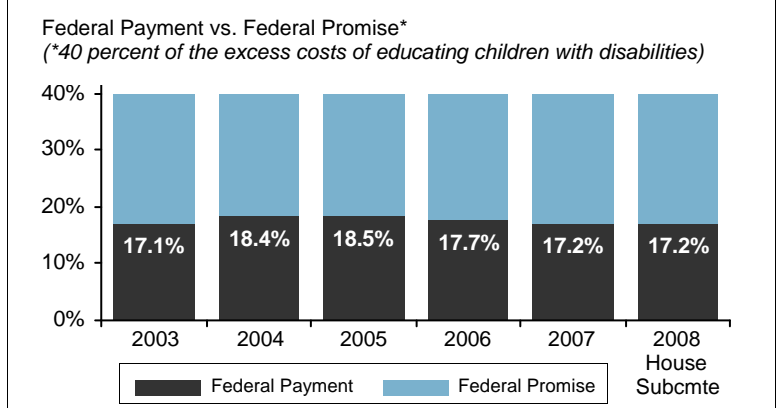
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
- Begins to reduce the gap between Title I's authorized level (programs under NCLB are authorized only through fiscal year 2007) and actual funding. The funding gap narrows to \$10.6 billion in 2008 under the House subcommittee mark from \$12.2 billion in 2007.



Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

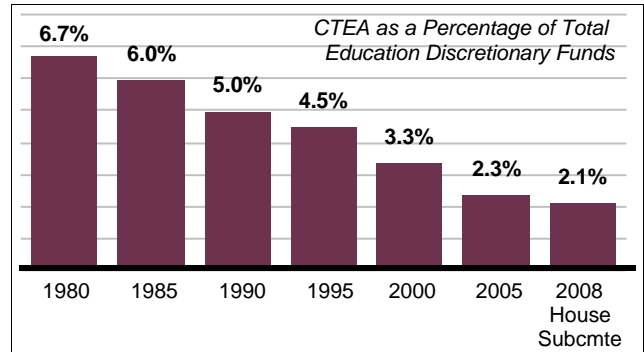
- Reverses the 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$300 million, and adds another \$175 million (+1.6 percent) above 2007.
- Despite the modest increase, the federal share of educating children with disabilities would remain at the same level as 2007, or 17.2 percent, which is still well below the 40 percent level promised in the law.



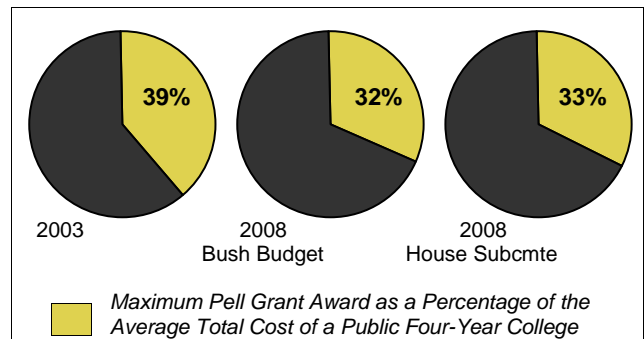
Missouri

Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>						
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark			
		House	vs. 2007		vs. Authorized	
		Subcmte	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**	
2007	Authorized*					
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)						
201.5	381.5	225.4	24.0	-156.0	67,988	
Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))						
22.2	31.3	20.5	-1.7	-10.7	2,315	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)						
49.8	54.7	55.0	5.2	0.2	0	
Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)						
4.1	15.0	4.1	0.0	-10.9	120,961	
21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)						
13.8	37.7	16.7	2.9	-21.0	22,740	
State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)						
1.8	11.0	1.8	0.0	-9.2	791,776	
Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)						
7.3	12.9	7.3	0.0	-5.7	34,692	
Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)						
6.1	11.8	5.4	-0.7	-6.4	515,809	
English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)						
3.6	4.1	4.2	0.6	0.1	0	
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)						
213.0	382.3	216.7	3.8	-165.6	62,396	
Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)						
23.9	80.8	24.1	0.2	-56.7	59,078	
Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)						
251.5	358.7	279.8	28.3	-78.9	23,309	
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)						
12.5	60.9	12.5	0.0	-48.4	17,864	
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)						
18.9	77.4	18.9	0.0	-58.5	13,216	
Head Start (HSA section 639)						
119.5	248.4	120.8	1.4	-127.5	15,186	

* Reflects the appropriation ceiling specified in law. See technical notes for details.
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- ### Career and Technical Education (CTEA)
- Restores 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$600 million to CTEA Title I State Grants.
 - Funds CTEA at 2.1 percent of total education discretionary dollars, up from 1.1 percent under the 2008 Bush budget request, but still trending downward.



- ### Federal Pell Grants (HEA)
- Increases the maximum Federal Pell Grant award by \$390 to \$4,700 in 2008.
 - From 2003 to 2006, the maximum Pell Grant award was frozen at \$4,050 while the cost of higher education shot up 22 percent. Even with the increase under the mark, the maximum award's share of the average total costs of attending a public four-year college remains below the 2003 level of 39 percent.
 - Rejects the 2008 Bush budget proposal to pay for an increase in Pell Grants by cutting other student aid. The mark restores funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants and Perkins Loan Cancellations.

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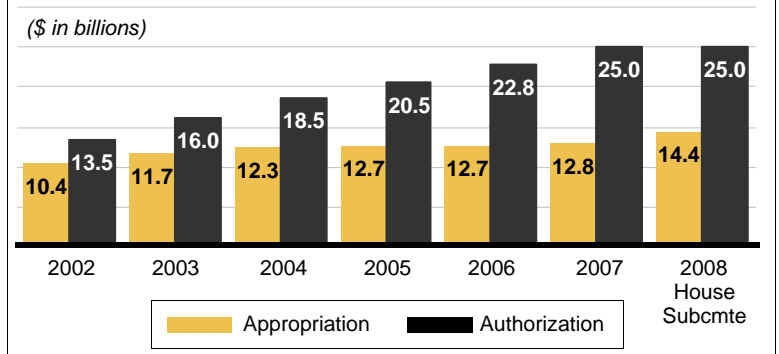
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Wm. Lacy Clay Congressional District 1, Missouri

Congressional District 1, Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007	Authorized*	Subcmte	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	41.68	90.78	48.19	6.51	-42.59	12,282
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	7.52	8.30	8.33	0.81	0.03	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.35	1.28	0.35	0.00	-0.93	21,852
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.18	1.18	0.18	0.00	-1.00	85,563
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.69	1.33	0.61	-0.08	-0.72	55,741
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.24	0.27	0.28	0.04	0.01	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	24.14	44.20	24.51	0.36	-19.70	5,990
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	3.26	11.03	3.29	0.03	-7.74	10,538
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	56.42	80.47	62.77	6.35	-17.70	5,229
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	3.50	17.02	3.50	0.00	-13.52	4,991
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	5.98	24.53	5.98	0.00	-18.55	4,189	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	20.31	42.22	20.54	0.23	-21.68	2,582	

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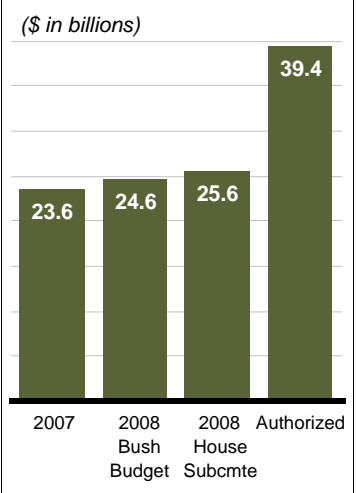
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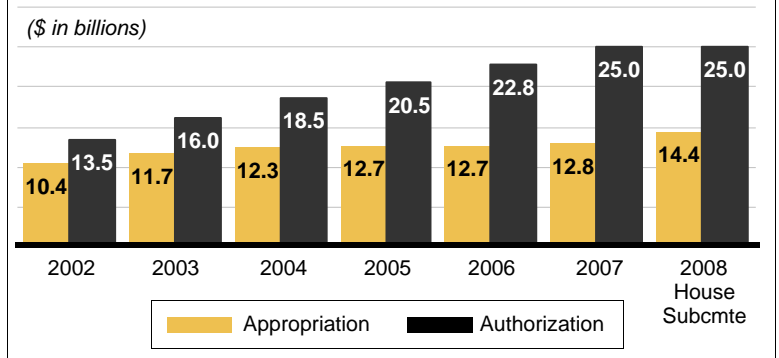
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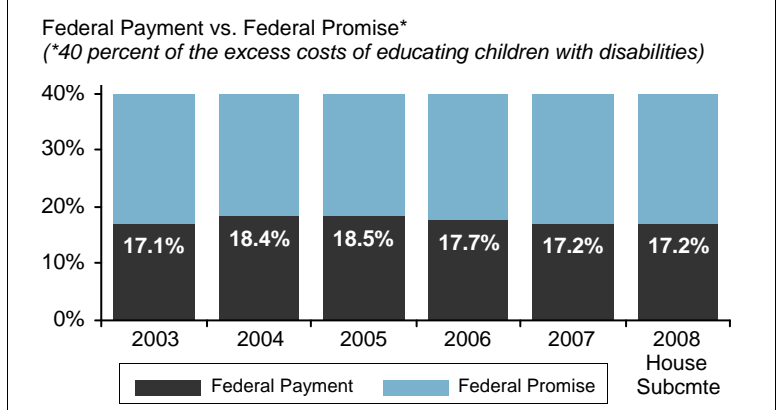
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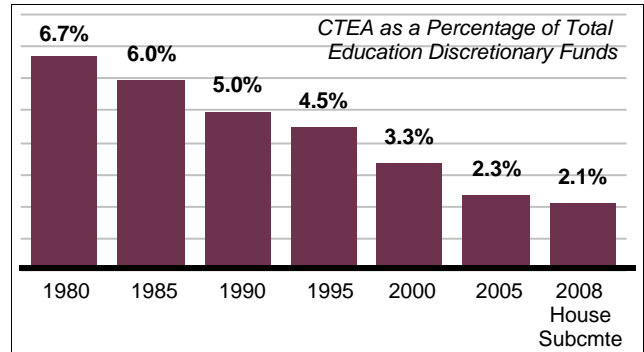
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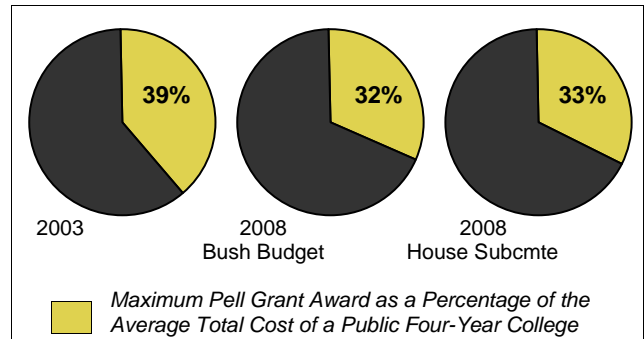


Congressional District 2, Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007	Authorized*	Subcmte			
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	5.08	8.32	5.52	0.43	-2.80	2,136
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	2.51	2.74	2.75	0.25	0.01	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.06	0.22	0.06	0.00	-0.16	3,801
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.17	1.08	0.17	0.00	-0.92	100,838
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.00	-0.02	152
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.32	0.61	0.28	-0.04	-0.33	65,692
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.34	0.39	0.40	0.05	0.01	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	19.95	38.99	20.29	0.34	-18.70	6,844
O T H E R P R O G R A M S	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	1.11	3.76	1.12	0.01	-2.64	3,592
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	16.02	22.85	17.83	1.80	-5.03	1,485
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	0.98	4.76	0.98	0.00	-3.78	1,396
	Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	1.08	4.44	1.08	0.00	-3.36	758
	Head Start (HSA section 639)	4.88	10.15	4.94	0.06	-5.21	621

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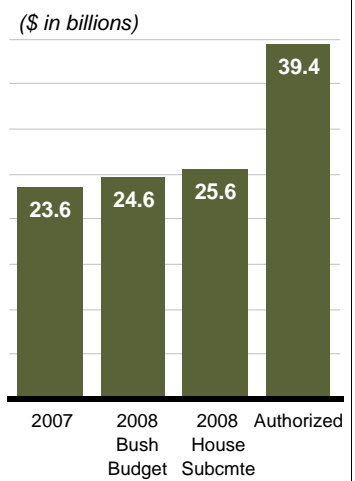
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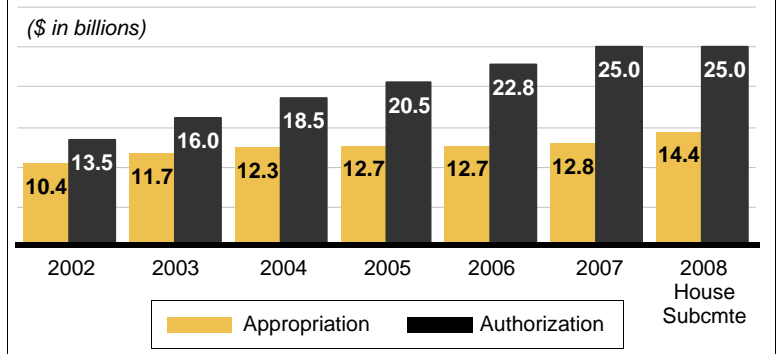
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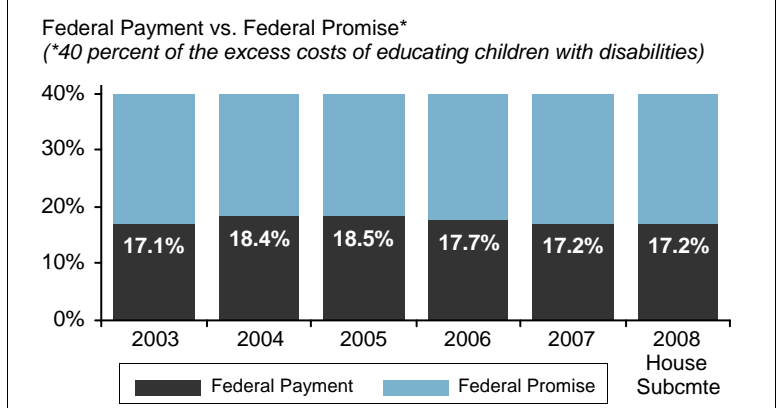
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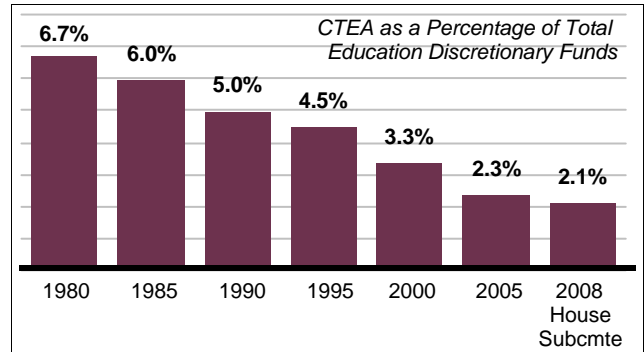
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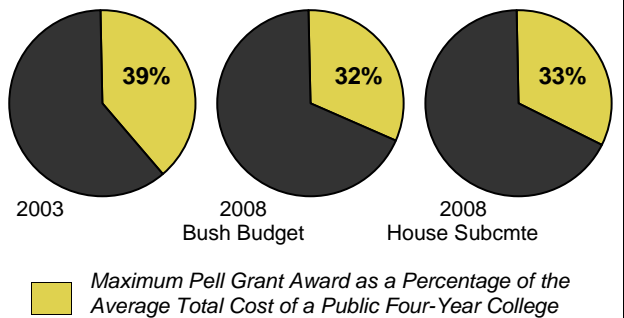
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		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007	Authorized*	Subcmte	2007	Authorized	
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	15.94	25.92	17.28	1.34	-8.64	6,584
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	4.59	5.06	5.08	0.48	0.02	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.19	0.69	0.19	0.00	-0.50	11,715
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.15	0.97	0.15	0.00	-0.82	85,959
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	0.04	0.07	0.04	0.00	-0.03	202
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.46	0.89	0.41	-0.06	-0.48	55,999
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.74	0.83	0.85	0.12	0.03	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	21.40	39.41	21.72	0.32	-17.68	7,403
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	1.43	4.85	1.44	0.01	-3.40	4,630
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	6.93	9.88	7.71	0.78	-2.17	642
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	0.44	2.13	0.44	0.00	-1.69	624
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	0.93	3.80	0.93	0.00	-2.87	649	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	9.40	19.54	9.51	0.11	-10.03	1,195	

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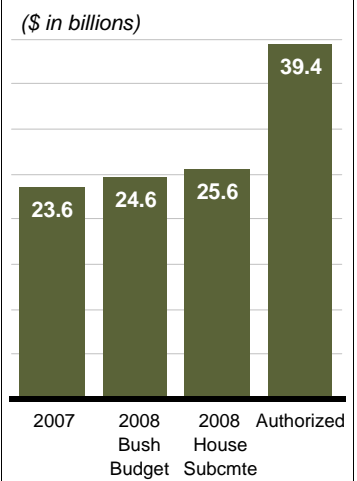
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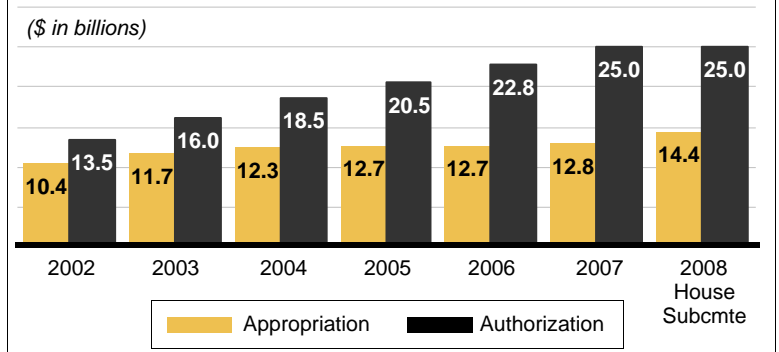
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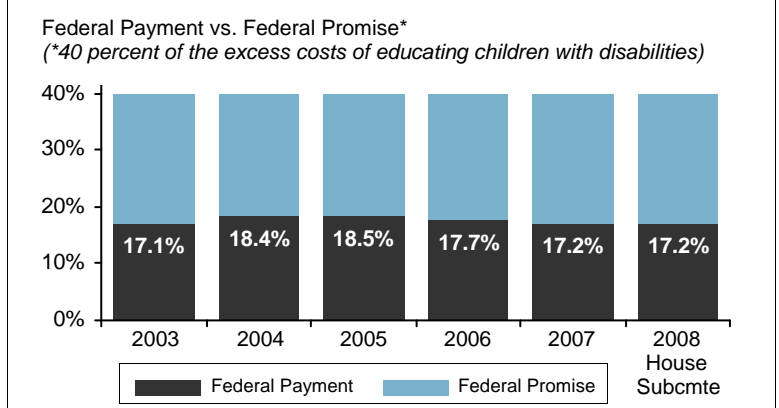
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
- Begins to reduce the gap between Title I's authorized level (programs under NCLB are authorized only through fiscal year 2007) and actual funding. The funding gap narrows to \$10.6 billion in 2008 under the House subcommittee mark from \$12.2 billion in 2007.



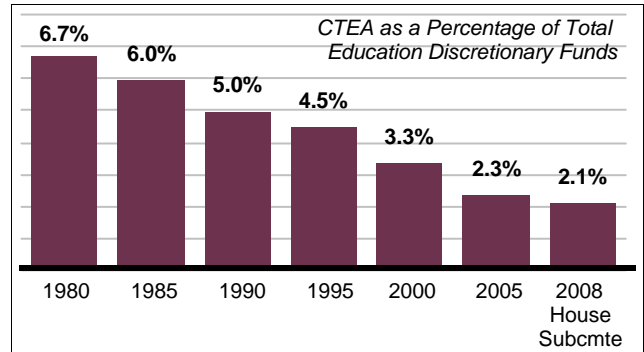
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

- Reverses the 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$300 million, and adds another \$175 million (+1.6 percent) above 2007.
- Despite the modest increase, the federal share of educating children with disabilities would remain at the same level as 2007, or 17.2 percent, which is still well below the 40 percent level promised in the law.



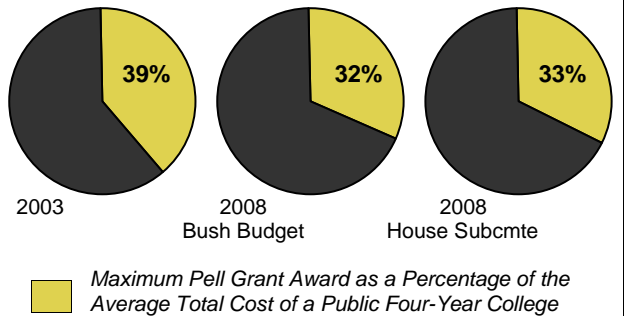
Congressional District 4, Missouri (dollars in millions)							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007	Authorized*	Subcmte			
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	16.68	27.20	18.09	1.41	-9.11	6,937
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	21.95	30.94	20.31	-1.64	-10.62	1,911
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	4.83	5.32	5.34	0.51	0.02	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.20	0.73	0.20	0.00	-0.53	12,342
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.18	1.18	0.18	0.00	-1.00	89,248
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	1.35	2.40	1.35	0.00	-1.05	8,180
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.48	0.93	0.42	-0.06	-0.51	58,141
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.37	0.42	0.43	0.06	0.01	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	19.95	38.69	20.29	0.34	-18.40	7,473
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	1.79	6.06	1.81	0.01	-4.25	5,788
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	20.18	28.78	22.45	2.27	-6.33	1,870
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	1.25	6.06	1.25	0.00	-4.81	1,777
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	1.29	5.31	1.29	0.00	-4.02	907	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	14.54	30.22	14.70	0.17	-15.52	1,848	

* Reflects the appropriation ceiling specified in law. See technical notes for details.
** Represents children/students as a result of the funding gap between 2008 House Subcmte and Authorized. Includes both unserved and underserved. For Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, unserved represents teachers not hired.



Career and Technical Education (CTEA)

- Restores 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$600 million to CTEA Title I State Grants.
- Funds CTEA at 2.1 percent of total education discretionary dollars, up from 1.1 percent under the 2008 Bush budget request, but still trending downward.



Federal Pell Grants (HEA)

- Increases the maximum Federal Pell Grant award by \$390 to \$4,700 in 2008.
- From 2003 to 2006, the maximum Pell Grant award was frozen at \$4,050 while the cost of higher education shot up 22 percent. Even with the increase under the mark, the maximum award's share of the average total costs of attending a public four-year college remains below the 2003 level of 39 percent.
- Rejects the 2008 Bush budget proposal to pay for an increase in Pell Grants by cutting other student aid. The mark restores funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants and Perkins Loan Cancellations.

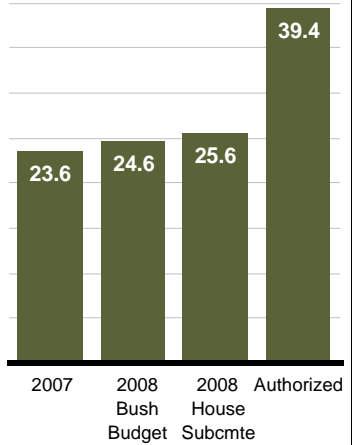
Education Appropriations, House Subcommittee Mark

- Funds the U.S. Department of Education at \$61.7 billion, \$4.2 billion or 7.4 percent more than 2007.
- Restores funding for programs eliminated in the 2008 Bush budget request, including educational technology and innovative education state grants, school counseling, and supplemental educational opportunity grants.
- About half of the increase for education is directed toward NCLB Act programs, primarily ESEA Title I and school improvement grants. The other half is to support a maximum Pell Grant award of \$4,700, an increase of \$390.

Appropriations for No Child Left Behind (NCLB) under the House Subcommittee Mark

- Increases funding for NCLB Act programs by almost \$2 billion, or 8.4 percent, for a total of \$25.6 billion. Funding for NCLB under the House subcommittee mark is almost \$1 billion more than the 2008 Bush budget request.
- Makes progress toward closing the funding gap -- what is promised in the law (based on the 2007 authorization, the last year authorized under NCLB) compared to what is actually appropriated. The funding gap shrinks to \$13.8 billion under the House subcommittee mark from \$15.8 billion in 2007.
- Boosts funding for Improving Teacher Quality State Grants by \$300 million (+10.4 percent), which was cut in the 2008 Bush budget. Also, provides increases of \$125 million (+12.7 percent) for 21st Century Community Learning Centers; and \$106 million (+15.8 percent) for English Language Acquisition State Grants.

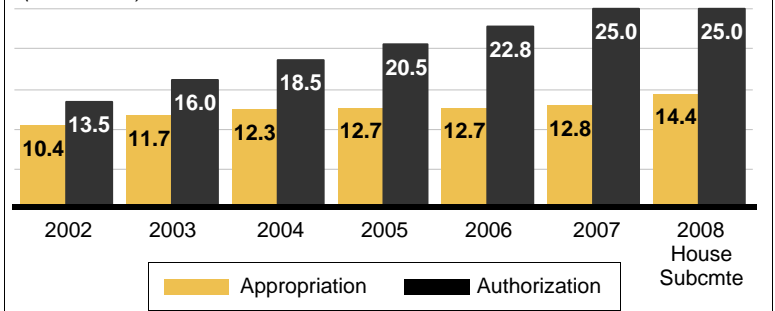
(\$ in billions)



Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
- Begins to reduce the gap between Title I's authorized level (programs under NCLB are authorized only through fiscal year 2007) and actual funding. The funding gap narrows to \$10.6 billion in 2008 under the House subcommittee mark from \$12.2 billion in 2007.

(\$ in billions)

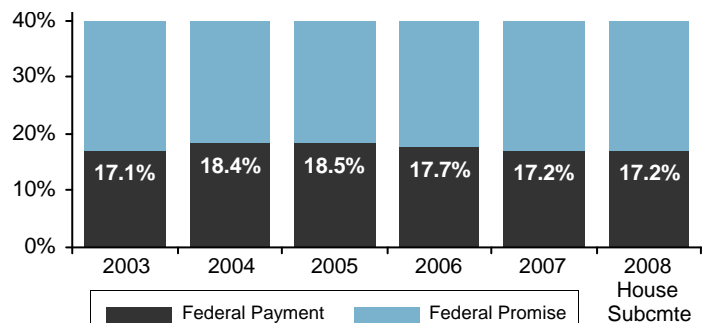


Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

- Reverses the 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$300 million, and adds another \$175 million (+1.6 percent) above 2007.
- Despite the modest increase, the federal share of educating children with disabilities would remain at the same level as 2007, or 17.2 percent, which is still well below the 40 percent level promised in the law.

Federal Payment vs. Federal Promise*

(*40 percent of the excess costs of educating children with disabilities)

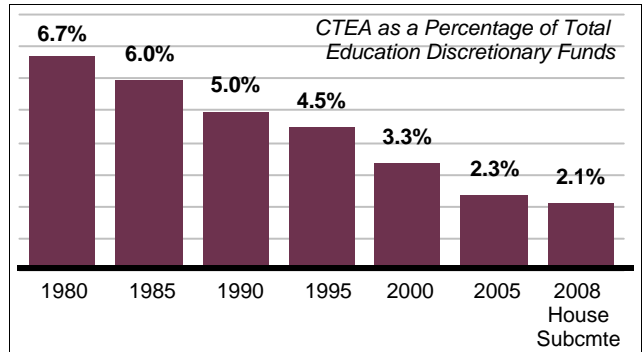


Emanuel Cleaver

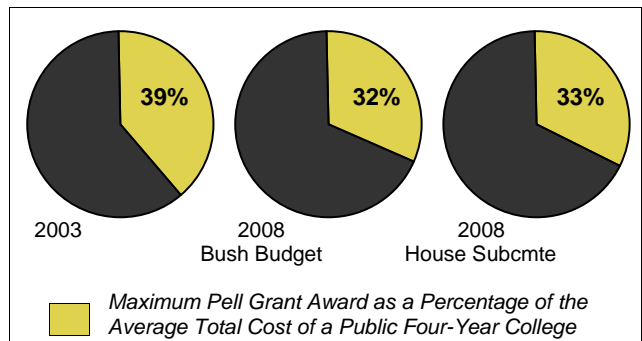
Congressional District 5, Missouri

Congressional District 5, Missouri							
<i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007		vs. Authorized		
		Subcmte	Unservd**	Unservd**	Unservd**	Unservd**	
		2007	Authorized*	Subcmte	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	
SELECTED PROGRAMS	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	24.70	46.12	27.55	2.86	-18.57	8,942
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.10	0.15	0.10	-0.01	-0.05	86
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	5.80	6.40	6.43	0.62	0.03	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.25	0.94	0.25	0.00	-0.68	15,909
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.17	1.06	0.17	0.00	-0.90	85,398
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.00	-0.04	211
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.55	1.07	0.49	-0.07	-0.58	55,633
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.45	0.51	0.53	0.07	0.02	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	21.42	40.20	21.75	0.34	-18.45	5,302
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	2.17	7.34	2.19	0.02	-5.15	7,017
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	26.38	37.63	29.35	2.97	-8.28	2,445
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	1.06	5.14	1.06	0.00	-4.08	1,508
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	1.84	7.54	1.84	0.00	-5.70	1,288	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	15.63	32.48	15.80	0.18	-16.68	1,986	

* Reflects the appropriation ceiling specified in law. See technical notes for details.
 ** Represents children/students as a result of the funding gap between 2008 House Subcmte and Authorized. Includes both unserved and underserved. For Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, unserved represents teachers not hired.



- ### Career and Technical Education (CTEA)
- Restores 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$600 million to CTEA Title I State Grants.
 - Funds CTEA at 2.1 percent of total education discretionary dollars, up from 1.1 percent under the 2008 Bush budget request, but still trending downward.



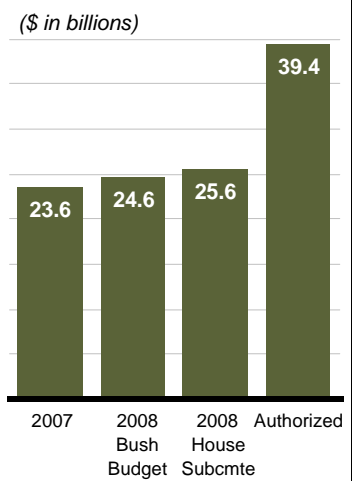
- ### Federal Pell Grants (HEA)
- Increases the maximum Federal Pell Grant award by \$390 to \$4,700 in 2008.
 - From 2003 to 2006, the maximum Pell Grant award was frozen at \$4,050 while the cost of higher education shot up 22 percent. Even with the increase under the mark, the maximum award's share of the average total costs of attending a public four-year college remains below the 2003 level of 39 percent.
 - Rejects the 2008 Bush budget proposal to pay for an increase in Pell Grants by cutting other student aid. The mark restores funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants and Perkins Loan Cancellations.

Education Appropriations, House Subcommittee Mark

- Funds the U.S. Department of Education at \$61.7 billion, \$4.2 billion or 7.4 percent more than 2007.
- Restores funding for programs eliminated in the 2008 Bush budget request, including educational technology and innovative education state grants, school counseling, and supplemental educational opportunity grants.
- About half of the increase for education is directed toward NCLB Act programs, primarily ESEA Title I and school improvement grants. The other half is to support a maximum Pell Grant award of \$4,700, an increase of \$390.

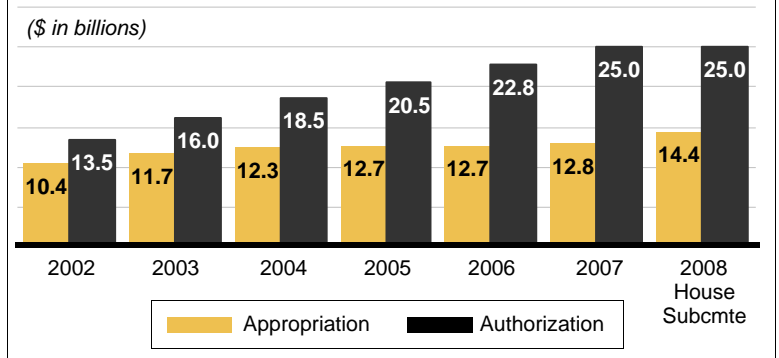
Appropriations for No Child Left Behind (NCLB) under the House Subcommittee Mark

- Increases funding for NCLB Act programs by almost \$2 billion, or 8.4 percent, for a total of \$25.6 billion. Funding for NCLB under the House subcommittee mark is almost \$1 billion more than the 2008 Bush budget request.
- Makes progress toward closing the funding gap -- what is promised in the law (based on the 2007 authorization, the last year authorized under NCLB) compared to what is actually appropriated. The funding gap shrinks to \$13.8 billion under the House subcommittee mark from \$15.8 billion in 2007.
- Boosts funding for Improving Teacher Quality State Grants by \$300 million (+10.4 percent), which was cut in the 2008 Bush budget. Also, provides increases of \$125 million (+12.7 percent) for 21st Century Community Learning Centers; and \$106 million (+15.8 percent) for English Language Acquisition State Grants.



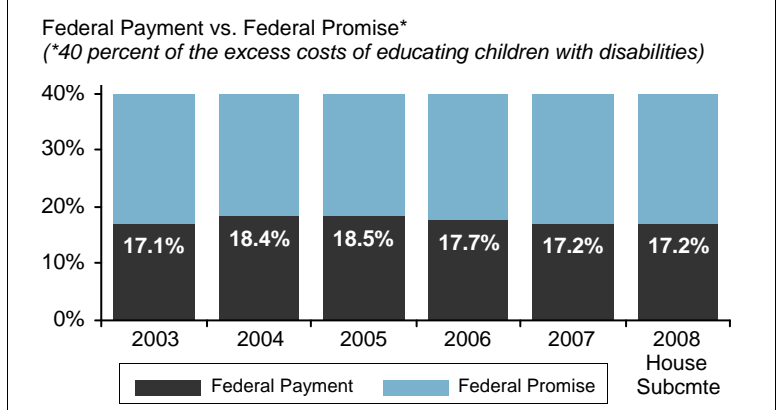
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
- Begins to reduce the gap between Title I's authorized level (programs under NCLB are authorized only through fiscal year 2007) and actual funding. The funding gap narrows to \$10.6 billion in 2008 under the House subcommittee mark from \$12.2 billion in 2007.



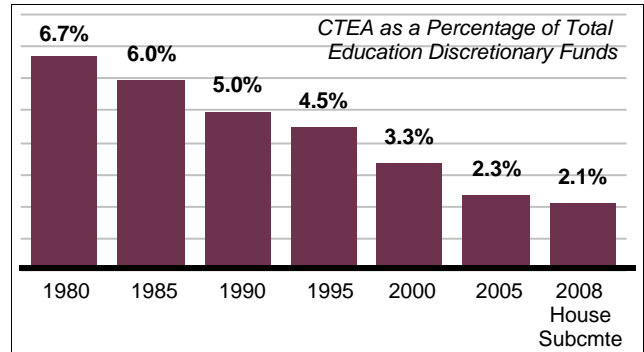
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

- Reverses the 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$300 million, and adds another \$175 million (+1.6 percent) above 2007.
- Despite the modest increase, the federal share of educating children with disabilities would remain at the same level as 2007, or 17.2 percent, which is still well below the 40 percent level promised in the law.



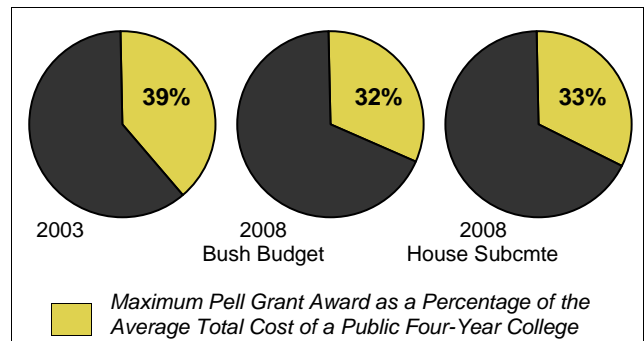
Congressional District 6, Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007 Authorized*	Subcmte				
SELECTED PROGRAMS	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	13.41	21.84	14.54	1.13	-7.30	5,563
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	4.10	4.51	4.53	0.43	0.02	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.16	0.58	0.16	0.00	-0.42	9,898
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.16	1.06	0.16	0.00	-0.89	87,996
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	1.44	2.56	1.44	0.00	-1.12	6,483
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.43	0.82	0.37	-0.05	-0.45	57,325
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.03	0.01	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	18.93	36.93	19.25	0.32	-17.67	5,889
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	1.65	5.59	1.67	0.01	-3.92	5,337
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	22.43	31.99	24.96	2.52	-7.04	2,079
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	1.03	5.03	1.03	0.00	-3.99	1,474
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	1.39	5.69	1.39	0.00	-4.30	972	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	10.73	22.31	10.85	0.12	-11.45	1,364	

* Reflects the appropriation ceiling specified in law. See technical notes for details.
 ** Represents children/students as a result of the funding gap between 2008 House Subcmte and Authorized. Includes both unserved and underserved. For Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, unserved represents teachers not hired.



Career and Technical Education (CTEA)

- Restores 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$600 million to CTEA Title I State Grants.
- Funds CTEA at 2.1 percent of total education discretionary dollars, up from 1.1 percent under the 2008 Bush budget request, but still trending downward.



Federal Pell Grants (HEA)

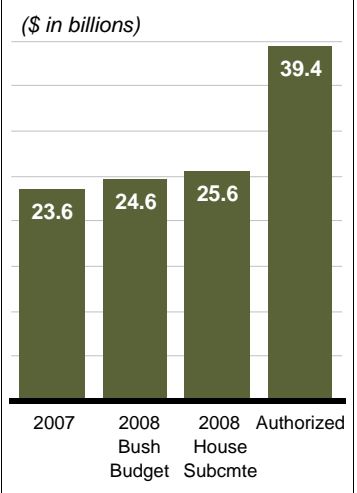
- Increases the maximum Federal Pell Grant award by \$390 to \$4,700 in 2008.
- From 2003 to 2006, the maximum Pell Grant award was frozen at \$4,050 while the cost of higher education shot up 22 percent. Even with the increase under the mark, the maximum award's share of the average total costs of attending a public four-year college remains below the 2003 level of 39 percent.
- Rejects the 2008 Bush budget proposal to pay for an increase in Pell Grants by cutting other student aid. The mark restores funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants and Perkins Loan Cancellations.

Education Appropriations, House Subcommittee Mark

- Funds the U.S. Department of Education at \$61.7 billion, \$4.2 billion or 7.4 percent more than 2007.
- Restores funding for programs eliminated in the 2008 Bush budget request, including educational technology and innovative education state grants, school counseling, and supplemental educational opportunity grants.
- About half of the increase for education is directed toward NCLB Act programs, primarily ESEA Title I and school improvement grants. The other half is to support a maximum Pell Grant award of \$4,700, an increase of \$390.

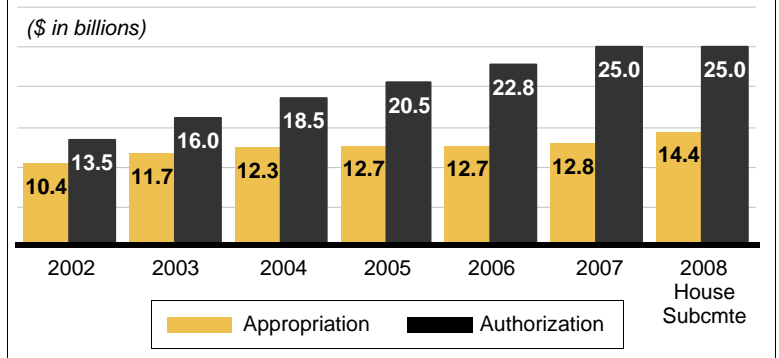
Appropriations for No Child Left Behind (NCLB) under the House Subcommittee Mark

- Increases funding for NCLB Act programs by almost \$2 billion, or 8.4 percent, for a total of \$25.6 billion. Funding for NCLB under the House subcommittee mark is almost \$1 billion more than the 2008 Bush budget request.
- Makes progress toward closing the funding gap -- what is promised in the law (based on the 2007 authorization, the last year authorized under NCLB) compared to what is actually appropriated. The funding gap shrinks to \$13.8 billion under the House subcommittee mark from \$15.8 billion in 2007.
- Boosts funding for Improving Teacher Quality State Grants by \$300 million (+10.4 percent), which was cut in the 2008 Bush budget. Also, provides increases of \$125 million (+12.7 percent) for 21st Century Community Learning Centers; and \$106 million (+15.8 percent) for English Language Acquisition State Grants.



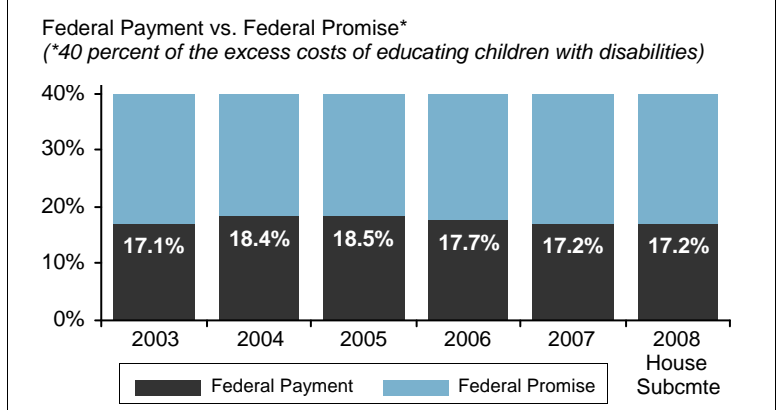
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
- Begins to reduce the gap between Title I's authorized level (programs under NCLB are authorized only through fiscal year 2007) and actual funding. The funding gap narrows to \$10.6 billion in 2008 under the House subcommittee mark from \$12.2 billion in 2007.



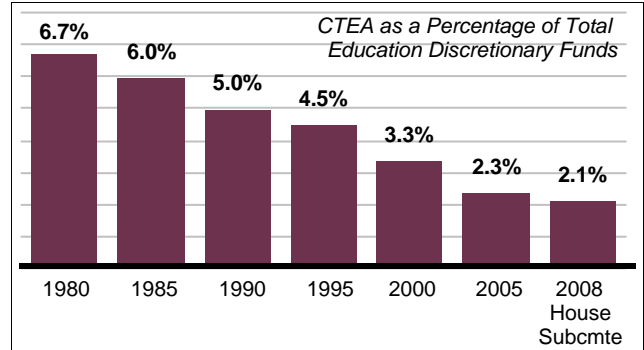
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

- Reverses the 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$300 million, and adds another \$175 million (+1.6 percent) above 2007.
- Despite the modest increase, the federal share of educating children with disabilities would remain at the same level as 2007, or 17.2 percent, which is still well below the 40 percent level promised in the law.

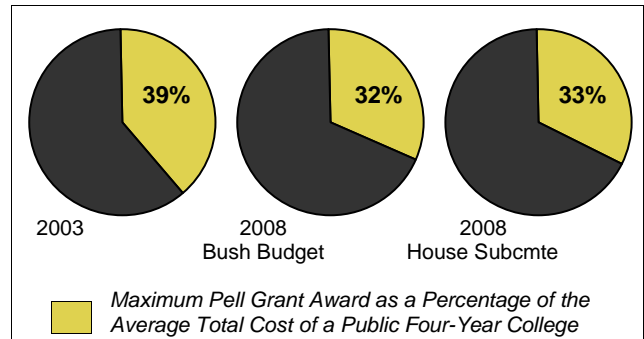


Congressional District 7, Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007 Authorized*	Subcmte				
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	16.80	27.35	18.21	1.42	-9.14	6,962
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	4.81	5.30	5.32	0.51	0.02	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.20	0.73	0.20	0.00	-0.53	12,386
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.17	1.09	0.17	0.00	-0.92	87,030
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	0.25	0.44	0.25	0.00	-0.19	1,874
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.48	0.92	0.42	-0.06	-0.50	56,696
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.32	0.36	0.37	0.05	0.01	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	19.45	37.80	19.78	0.33	-18.01	7,870
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	2.40	8.11	2.42	0.02	-5.69	7,750
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	48.44	69.08	53.89	5.45	-15.20	4,489
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	1.83	8.88	1.83	0.00	-7.06	2,605	
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	2.69	11.05	2.69	0.00	-8.36	1,887	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	13.17	27.37	13.32	0.15	-14.05	1,674	

* Reflects the appropriation ceiling specified in law. See technical notes for details.
** Represents children/students as a result of the funding gap between 2008 House Subcmte and Authorized. Includes both unserved and underserved. For Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, unserved represents teachers not hired.



- Career and Technical Education (CTEA)**
- Restores 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$600 million to CTEA Title I State Grants.
 - Funds CTEA at 2.1 percent of total education discretionary dollars, up from 1.1 percent under the 2008 Bush budget request, but still trending downward.



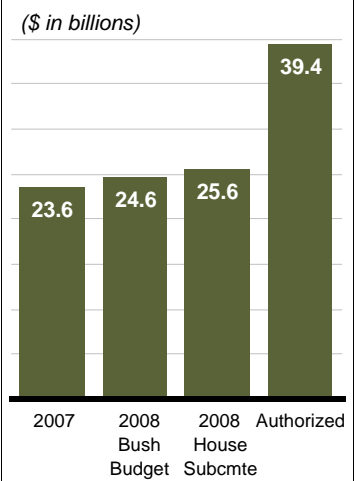
- Federal Pell Grants (HEA)**
- Increases the maximum Federal Pell Grant award by \$390 to \$4,700 in 2008.
 - From 2003 to 2006, the maximum Pell Grant award was frozen at \$4,050 while the cost of higher education shot up 22 percent. Even with the increase under the mark, the maximum award's share of the average total costs of attending a public four-year college remains below the 2003 level of 39 percent.
 - Rejects the 2008 Bush budget proposal to pay for an increase in Pell Grants by cutting other student aid. The mark restores funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants and Perkins Loan Cancellations.

Education Appropriations, House Subcommittee Mark

- Funds the U.S. Department of Education at \$61.7 billion, \$4.2 billion or 7.4 percent more than 2007.
- Restores funding for programs eliminated in the 2008 Bush budget request, including educational technology and innovative education state grants, school counseling, and supplemental educational opportunity grants.
- About half of the increase for education is directed toward NCLB Act programs, primarily ESEA Title I and school improvement grants. The other half is to support a maximum Pell Grant award of \$4,700, an increase of \$390.

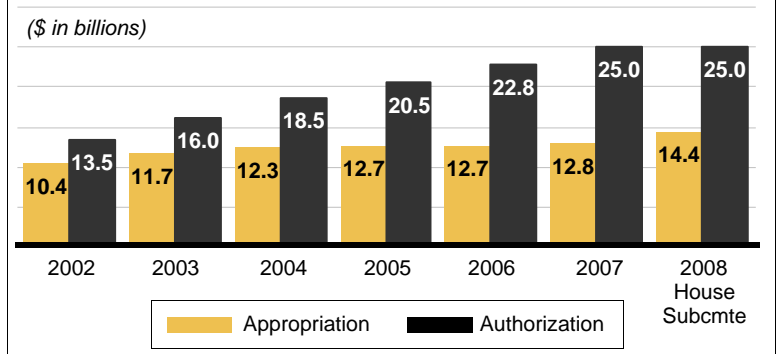
Appropriations for No Child Left Behind (NCLB) under the House Subcommittee Mark

- Increases funding for NCLB Act programs by almost \$2 billion, or 8.4 percent, for a total of \$25.6 billion. Funding for NCLB under the House subcommittee mark is almost \$1 billion more than the 2008 Bush budget request.
- Makes progress toward closing the funding gap -- what is promised in the law (based on the 2007 authorization, the last year authorized under NCLB) compared to what is actually appropriated. The funding gap shrinks to \$13.8 billion under the House subcommittee mark from \$15.8 billion in 2007.
- Boosts funding for Improving Teacher Quality State Grants by \$300 million (+10.4 percent), which was cut in the 2008 Bush budget. Also, provides increases of \$125 million (+12.7 percent) for 21st Century Community Learning Centers; and \$106 million (+15.8 percent) for English Language Acquisition State Grants.



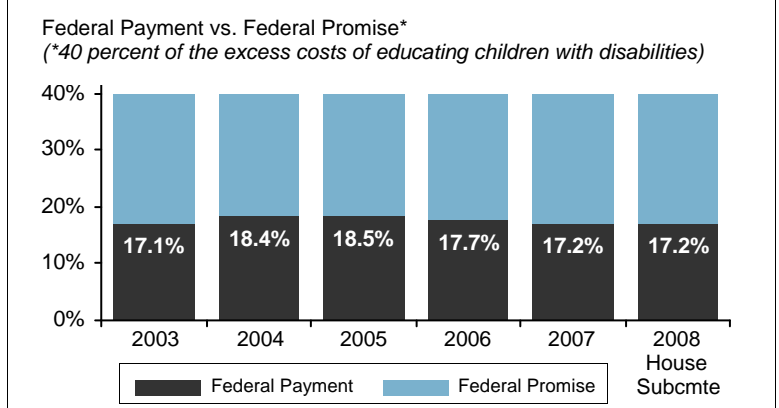
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
- Begins to reduce the gap between Title I's authorized level (programs under NCLB are authorized only through fiscal year 2007) and actual funding. The funding gap narrows to \$10.6 billion in 2008 under the House subcommittee mark from \$12.2 billion in 2007.



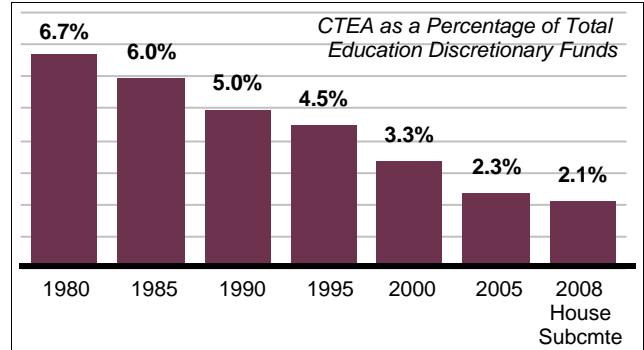
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

- Reverses the 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$300 million, and adds another \$175 million (+1.6 percent) above 2007.
- Despite the modest increase, the federal share of educating children with disabilities would remain at the same level as 2007, or 17.2 percent, which is still well below the 40 percent level promised in the law.

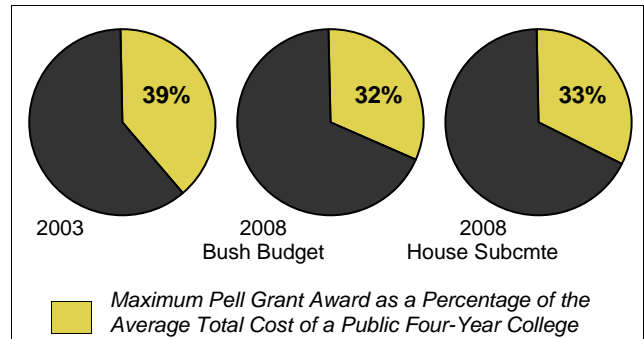


Jo Ann Emerson Congressional District 8, Missouri

Congressional District 8, Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007	vs. Authorized	Unservd**		
		2007 Authorized*	Subcmt				
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	39.46	85.97	45.63	6.17	-40.34	11,632
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.13	0.18	0.12	-0.01	-0.06	318
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	7.18	7.93	7.96	0.78	0.03	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.33	1.22	0.33	0.00	-0.89	20,694
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.19	1.22	0.19	0.00	-1.03	85,209
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	1.10	1.97	1.10	0.00	-0.86	8,242
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.66	1.28	0.58	-0.08	-0.69	55,510
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.01	0.00	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	22.13	41.88	22.49	0.36	-19.40	8,143
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	2.45	8.28	2.47	0.02	-5.81	7,908
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	22.98	32.77	25.57	2.59	-7.21	2,130
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	0.77	3.74	0.77	0.00	-2.97	1,097	
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	0.94	3.87	0.94	0.00	-2.93	662	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	19.16	39.82	19.38	0.22	-20.45	2,435	
* Reflects the appropriation ceiling specified in law. See technical notes for details.							
** Represents children/students as a result of the funding gap between 2008 House Subcmt and Authorized. Includes both unserved and underserved. For Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, unserved represents teachers not hired.							



- ### Career and Technical Education (CTEA)
- Restores 2008 Bush budget cut of almost \$600 million to CTEA Title I State Grants.
 - Funds CTEA at 2.1 percent of total education discretionary dollars, up from 1.1 percent under the 2008 Bush budget request, but still trending downward.



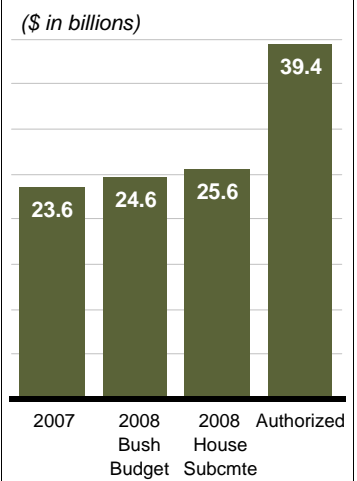
- ### Federal Pell Grants (HEA)
- Increases the maximum Federal Pell Grant award by \$390 to \$4,700 in 2008.
 - From 2003 to 2006, the maximum Pell Grant award was frozen at \$4,050 while the cost of higher education shot up 22 percent. Even with the increase under the mark, the maximum award's share of the average total costs of attending a public four-year college remains below the 2003 level of 39 percent.
 - Rejects the 2008 Bush budget proposal to pay for an increase in Pell Grants by cutting other student aid. The mark restores funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants and Perkins Loan Cancellations.

Education Appropriations, House Subcommittee Mark

- Funds the U.S. Department of Education at \$61.7 billion, \$4.2 billion or 7.4 percent more than 2007.
- Restores funding for programs eliminated in the 2008 Bush budget request, including educational technology and innovative education state grants, school counseling, and supplemental educational opportunity grants.
- About half of the increase for education is directed toward NCLB Act programs, primarily ESEA Title I and school improvement grants. The other half is to support a maximum Pell Grant award of \$4,700, an increase of \$390.

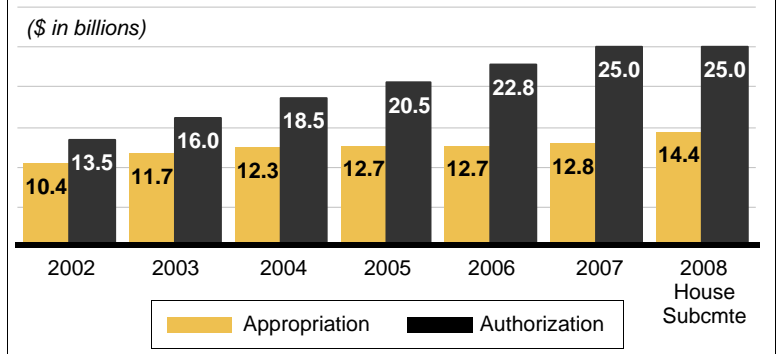
Appropriations for No Child Left Behind (NCLB) under the House Subcommittee Mark

- Increases funding for NCLB Act programs by almost \$2 billion, or 8.4 percent, for a total of \$25.6 billion. Funding for NCLB under the House subcommittee mark is almost \$1 billion more than the 2008 Bush budget request.
- Makes progress toward closing the funding gap -- what is promised in the law (based on the 2007 authorization, the last year authorized under NCLB) compared to what is actually appropriated. The funding gap shrinks to \$13.8 billion under the House subcommittee mark from \$15.8 billion in 2007.
- Boosts funding for Improving Teacher Quality State Grants by \$300 million (+10.4 percent), which was cut in the 2008 Bush budget. Also, provides increases of \$125 million (+12.7 percent) for 21st Century Community Learning Centers; and \$106 million (+15.8 percent) for English Language Acquisition State Grants.



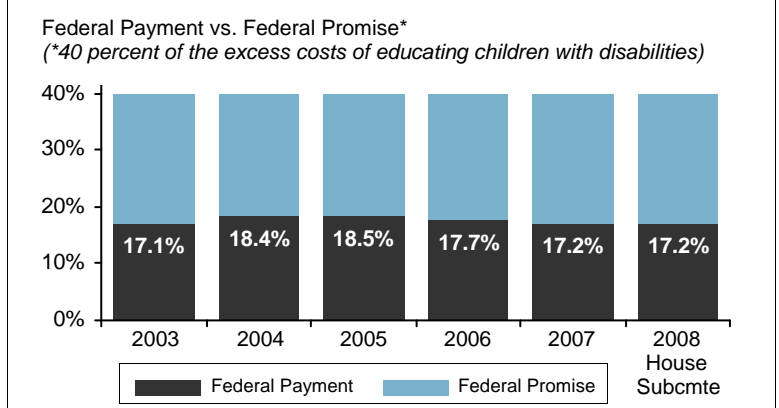
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA I-A)

- Increases funding by \$1.5 billion above the 2007 level for a total of \$14.4 billion.
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Special Education Grants to States (IDEA)

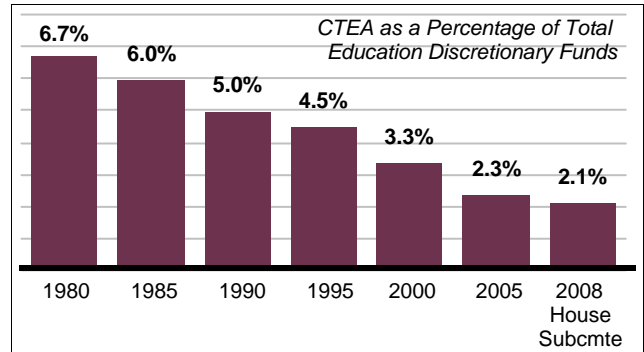
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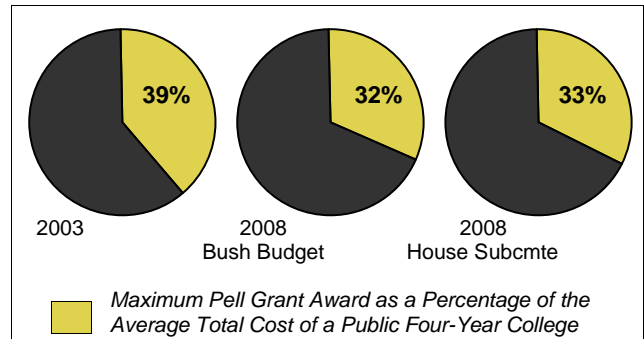
Kenny C. Hulshof Congressional District 9, Missouri

Congressional District 9, Missouri <i>(dollars in millions)</i>							
		2008	2008 House Subcommittee Mark				
		House	vs. 2007		vs. Authorized		
		Subcmte	Unservd**	Unservd**	Unservd**	Unservd**	
		2007	Authorized*	Subcmte	vs. 2007	Unservd**	
S E L E C T E D N C L B A C T P R O G R A M S	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I-A)	16.84	27.38	18.25	1.42	-9.12	6,949
	Impact Aid Basic Support Payments (ESEA VIII section 8003(b))	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (ESEA II-A)	4.76	5.25	5.27	0.50	0.02	0
	Educational Technology State Grants (ESEA II-D-1 and 2)	0.20	0.73	0.20	0.00	-0.53	12,364
	21st Century Community Learning Centers (ESEA IV-B)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	State Grants for Innovative Programs (ESEA V-A)	0.17	1.09	0.17	0.00	-0.92	84,535
	Rural Education (ESEA VI-B)	0.80	1.43	0.80	0.00	-0.63	4,395
	Safe & Drug-Free Schools State Grants (ESEA IV-A-1)	0.47	0.91	0.42	-0.06	-0.50	55,071
	English Language Acquisition State Grants (ESEA III-A)	0.21	0.24	0.25	0.03	0.01	0
	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B-611)	20.16	38.04	20.48	0.32	-17.57	7,482
	Career & Technical Education State Grants (CTEA Title I)	2.02	6.82	2.03	0.02	-4.79	6,519
	Federal Pell Grants (HEA IV-A-1)	31.72	45.24	35.29	3.57	-9.95	2,940
	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (HEA IV-A-3)	1.68	8.16	1.68	0.00	-6.48	2,393
Federal Work-Study (HEA IV-C)	2.72	11.16	2.72	0.00	-8.44	1,905	
Head Start (HSA section 639)	11.66	24.24	11.80	0.13	-12.45	1,482	

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