

Jobs for Main Street Act Education Jobs Fund



Education Jobs Fund

	State Allocations (in millions)	Jobs Funded
Alabama	\$345	3,700
Alaska	54	150
Arizona	482	2,800
Arkansas	210	750
California	2,823	37,000
Colorado	360	3,300
Connecticut	257	2,800
Delaware	64	500
District of Columbia	42	400
Florida	1,279	17,800
Georgia	730	15,000
Hawaii	91	1,600
Idaho	117	3,600
Illinois	973	18,500
Indiana	477	9,900
Iowa	224	4,900
Kansas	213	3,600
Kentucky	308	5,200
Louisiana	336	3,900
Maine	92	200
Maryland	417	900
Massachusetts	471	1,400
Michigan	754	6,100
Minnesota	387	5,200
Mississippi	227	3,800
Missouri	436	9,100
Montana	70	1,000
Nebraska	135	1,200
Nevada	188	1,600
New Hampshire	95	900
New Jersey	630	12,400
New Mexico	151	1,900
New York	1,429	19,100
North Carolina	673	12,500
North Dakota	50	1,400
Ohio	848	7,900
Oklahoma	274	3,400
Oregon	270	3,100
Pennsylvania	903	7,900
Rhode Island	78	n/a
South Carolina	329	3,100
South Dakota	60	800
Tennessee	449	4,700
Texas	1,882	20,500
Utah	227	2,500
Vermont	45	200
Virginia	570	6,400
Washington	475	3,200
West Virginia	126	n/a
Wisconsin	415	3,900
Wyoming	39	n/a
Puerto Rico	307	4,500
Outlying Areas	115	n/a
National	\$23,000	286,200

The state allocation estimates are based on the formula used for the Recovery Act's State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) Education Grants, as delineated in the Jobs for Main Street Act (JMSA). The jobs funded estimates are based on the number of jobs that have been reported by states as funded under SFSF Education Grants. State reporting of jobs funded under SFSF-Education Grants (available at <http://www2.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/spending/impact3.html>) is a good proxy for the number of jobs that would be funded under JMSA since the cumulative expenditures to date are comparable to JMSA's funding. Also, many of the same jobs funded under SFSF-Education Grants could be lost as a result of continuing declines in state revenues while Recovery Act funds are exhausted.

The limitations of the estimates are two-fold. First, not all states have reported jobs funded under SFSF-Education Grants (which appear as "n/a" for not available in the table); and, second, the few states that are not facing sizable budget deficits, such as Alaska, have not needed to draw down as much of their SFSF-Education Grants allocation, so the number of jobs reported as funded under the Recovery Act are understated. For more information, contact Tom Zembar at 202.822.7109 or TZembar@nea.org. Updated May 19, 2010.